SUBPART F—MONITORING, ENFORCEMENT, CONFIDENTIALITY, AND PROGRAM INFORMATION

Monitoring, Technical Assistance, and Enforcement

§300.600 State monitoring and enforcement.
(a) The State must monitor the implementation of this part, enforce this part in accordance with §300.604(a)(1) and (a)(3), (b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(v), and (c)(2), and annually report on performance under this part.
(b) The primary focus of the State’s monitoring activities must be on--
   (1) Improving educational results and functional outcomes for all children with disabilities; and
   (2) Ensuring that public agencies meet the program requirements under Part B of the Act, with a particular emphasis on
those requirements that are most closely related to improving educational results for children with disabilities.
(c) As a part of its responsibilities under paragraph (a) of this section, the State must use quantifiable indicators and such
qualitative indicators as are needed to adequately measure performance in the priority areas identified in paragraph (d) of this
section, and the indicators established by the Secretary for the State performance plans.
(d) The State must monitor the LEAs located in the State, using quantifiable indicators in each of the following priority areas,
and using such qualitative indicators as are needed to adequately measure performance in those areas:
   (1) Provision of FAPE in the least restrictive environment.
   (2) State exercise of general supervision, including child find, effective monitoring, the use of resolution meetings,
mediation, and a system of transition services as defined in §300.43 and in 20 U.S.C. 1437(a)(9).
   (3) Disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services, to the extent the
representation is the result of inappropriate identification. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(a))

§300.601 State performance plans and data collection.
(a) General. Not later than December 3, 2005, each State must have in place a performance plan that evaluates the State's
efforts to implement the requirements and purposes of Part B of the Act, and describes how the State will improve such
implementation.
   (1) Each State must submit the State’s performance plan to the Secretary for approval in accordance with the approval
process described in section 616(c) of the Act.
   (2) Each State must review its State performance plan at least once every six years, and submit any amendments to the
Secretary.
   (3) As part of the State performance plan, each State must establish measurable and rigorous targets for the indicators
established by the Secretary under the priority areas described in §300.600(d).
(b) Data collection.
   (1) Each State must collect valid and reliable information as needed to report annually to the Secretary on the indicators
established by the Secretary for the State performance plans.
   (2) If the Secretary permits States to collect data on specific indicators through State monitoring or sampling, and the
State collects the data through State monitoring or sampling, the State must collect data on those indicators for each LEA
at least once during the period of the State performance plan.
   (3) Nothing in Part B of the Act shall be construed to authorize the development of a nationwide database of personally
identifiable information on individuals involved in studies or other collections of data under Part B of the Act. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(b))

§300.602 State use of targets and reporting.
(a) General. Each State must use the targets established in the State’s performance plan under §300.601 and the priority
areas described in §300.600(d) to analyze the performance of each LEA.
(b) Public reporting and privacy.
   (1) Public report.
      (i) Subject to paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section, the State must--
      (A) Report annually to the public on the performance of each LEA located in the State on the targets in the State’s
performance plan; and
      (B) Make the State’s performance plan available through public means, including by posting on the Web site of the
SEA, distribution to the media, and distribution through public agencies.
(ii) If the State, in meeting the requirements of paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section, collects performance data through State monitoring or sampling, the State must include in its report under paragraph (b)(1)(i)(A) of this section the most recently available performance data on each LEA, and the date the data were obtained.

(2) State performance report. The State must report annually to the Secretary on the performance of the State under the State’s performance plan.

(3) Privacy. The State must not report to the public or the Secretary any information on performance that would result in the disclosure of personally identifiable information about individual children, or where the available data are insufficient to yield statistically reliable information. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(b)(2)(C))

§300.603 Secretary’s review and determination regarding State performance.

(a) Review. The Secretary annually reviews the State’s performance report submitted pursuant to §300.602(b)(2).

(b) Determination.

(1) General. Based on the information provided by the State in the State’s annual performance report, information obtained through monitoring visits, and any other public information made available, the Secretary determines if the State—

(i) Meets the requirements and purposes of Part B of the Act;

(ii) Needs assistance in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act;

(iii) Needs intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act; or

(iv) Needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act.

(2) Notice and opportunity for a hearing.

(i) For determinations made under paragraphs (b)(1)(iii) and (b)(1)(iv) of this section, the Secretary provides reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing on those determinations.

(ii) The hearing described in paragraph (b)(2) of this section consists of an opportunity to meet with the Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services to demonstrate why the Department should not make the determination described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(d))

§300.604 Enforcement.

(a) Needs assistance. If the Secretary determines, for two consecutive years, that a State needs assistance under §300.603(b)(1)(ii) in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act, the Secretary takes one or more of the following actions:

(1) Advises the State of available sources of technical assistance that may help the State address the areas in which the State needs assistance, which may include assistance from the Office of Special Education Programs, other offices of the Department of Education, other Federal agencies, technical assistance providers approved by the Secretary, and other federally funded nonprofit agencies, and requires the State to work with appropriate entities. Such technical assistance may include—

(i) The provision of advice by experts to address the areas in which the State needs assistance, including explicit plans for addressing the area for concern within a specified period of time;

(ii) Assistance in identifying and implementing professional development, instructional strategies, and methods of instruction that are based on scientifically based research;

(iii) Designating and using distinguished superintendents, principals, special education administrators, special education teachers, and other teachers to provide advice, technical assistance, and support; and

(iv) Devising additional approaches to providing technical assistance, such as collaborating with institutions of higher education, educational service agencies, national centers of technical assistance supported under Part D of the Act, and private providers of scientifically based technical assistance.

(2) Directs the use of State-level funds under section 611(e) of the Act on the area or areas in which the State needs assistance.

(3) Identifies the State as a high-risk grantee and impose special conditions on the State's grant under Part B of the Act.

(b) Needs intervention. If the Secretary determines, for three or more consecutive years, that a State needs intervention under §300.603(b)(1)(iii) in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act, the following shall apply:

(1) The Secretary may take any of the actions described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) The Secretary takes one or more of the following actions:

(i) Requires the State to prepare a corrective action plan or improvement plan if the Secretary determines that the State should be able to correct the problem within one year.

(ii) Requires the State to enter into a compliance agreement under section 457 of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq. (GEPA), if the Secretary has reason to believe that the State cannot correct the problem within one year.
(iii) For each year of the determination, withholds not less than 20 percent and not more than 50 percent of the State's funds under section 611(e) of the Act, until the Secretary determines the State has sufficiently addressed the areas in which the State needs intervention.

(iv) Seeks to recover funds under section 452 of GEPA.

(v) Withholds, in whole or in part, any further payments to the State under Part B of the Act.

(vi) Refers the matter for appropriate enforcement action, which may include referral to the Department of Justice.

(c) Needs substantial intervention. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, at any time that the Secretary determines that a State needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the Act or that there is a substantial failure to comply with any condition of an SEA's or LEA's eligibility under Part B of the Act, the Secretary takes one or more of the following actions:

(1) Recovers funds under section 452 of GEPA.

(2) Withholds, in whole or in part, any further payments to the State under Part B of the Act.

(3) Refers the case to the Office of the Inspector General at the Department of Education.

(4) Refers the matter for appropriate enforcement action, which may include referral to the Department of Justice.

(d) Report to Congress. The Secretary reports to the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate within 30 days of taking enforcement action pursuant to paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this section, on the specific action taken and the reasons why enforcement action was taken. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(e)(1)-(e)(3), (e)(5))

§300.605 Withholding funds.

(a) Opportunity for hearing. Prior to withholding any funds under Part B of the Act, the Secretary provides reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the SEA involved, pursuant to the procedures in §§300.180 through 300.183.

(b) Suspension. Pending the outcome of any hearing to withhold payments under paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary may suspend payments to a recipient, suspend the authority of the recipient to obligate funds under Part B of the Act, or both, after the recipient has been given reasonable notice and an opportunity to show cause why future payments or authority to obligate funds under Part B of the Act should not be suspended.

(c) Nature of withholding.

(1) If the Secretary determines that it is appropriate to withhold further payments under §300.604(b)(2) or (c)(2), the Secretary may determine--

   (i) That the withholding will be limited to programs or projects, or portions of programs or projects, that affected the Secretary’s determination under §300.603(b)(1); or

   (ii) That the SEA must not make further payments under Part B of the Act to specified State agencies or LEAs that caused or were involved in the Secretary’s determination under §300.603(b)(1).

(2) Until the Secretary is satisfied that the condition that caused the initial withholding has been substantially rectified--

   (i) Payments to the State under Part B of the Act must be withheld in whole or in part; and

   (ii) Payments by the SEA under Part B of the Act must be limited to State agencies and LEAs whose actions did not cause or were not involved in the Secretary’s determination under §300.603(b)(1), as the case may be. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(e)(4), (e)(6))

§300.606 Public attention.

Any State that has received notice under §§300.603(b)(1)(ii) through (iv) must, by means of a public notice, take such measures as may be necessary to notify the public within the State of the pendency of an action taken pursuant to §300.604. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(e)(7))

§300.607 Divided State agency responsibility. For purposes of this subpart, if responsibility for ensuring that the requirements of Part B of the Act are met with respect to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons is assigned to a public agency other than the SEA pursuant to §300.149(d), and if the Secretary finds that the failure to comply substantially with the provisions of Part B of the Act are related to a failure by the public agency, the Secretary takes appropriate corrective action to ensure compliance with Part B of the Act, except that--

(a) Any reduction or withholding of payments to the State under §300.604 must be proportionate to the total funds allotted under section 611 of the Act to the State as the number of eligible children with disabilities in adult prisons under the supervision of the other public agency is proportionate to the number of eligible individuals with disabilities in the State under the supervision of the SEA; and

(b) Any withholding of funds under §300.604 must be limited to the specific agency responsible for the failure to comply with Part B of the Act. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(h))

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§300.608 State enforcement.
(a) If an SEA determines that an LEA is not meeting the requirements of Part B of the Act, including the targets in the State's performance plan, the SEA must prohibit the LEA from reducing the LEA's maintenance of effort under §300.203 for any fiscal year.
(b) Nothing in this subpart shall be construed to restrict a State from utilizing any other authority available to it to monitor and enforce the requirements of Part B of the Act. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(f); 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(11))

§300.609 Rule of construction.
Nothing in this subpart shall be construed to restrict the Secretary from utilizing any authority under GEPA, including the provisions in 34 CFR parts 76, 77, 80, and 81 to monitor and enforce the requirements of the Act, including the imposition of special conditions under 34 CFR 80.12. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1416(g))

Confidentiality of Information

§300.610 Confidentiality. The Secretary takes appropriate action, in accordance with section 444 of GEPA, to ensure the protection of the confidentiality of any personally identifiable data, information, and records collected or maintained by the Secretary and by SEAs and LEAs pursuant to Part B of the Act, and consistent with §§300.611 through 300.627. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1417(c))

§300.611 Definitions.
As used in §§300.611 through 300.625--
(a) Destruction means physical destruction or removal of personal identifiers from information so that the information is no longer personally identifiable.
(b) Education records means the type of records covered under the definition of “education records” in 34 CFR part 99 (the regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. 1232g (FERPA)).
(c) Participating agency means any agency or institution that collects, maintains, or uses personally identifiable information, or from which information is obtained, under Part B of the Act. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1412(a)(8), 1417(c))

§300.612 Notice to parents.
(a) The SEA must give notice that is adequate to fully inform parents about the requirements of §300.123, including--
   (1) A description of the extent that the notice is given in the native languages of the various population groups in the State;
   (2) A description of the children on whom personally identifiable information is maintained, the types of information sought, the methods the State intends to use in gathering the information (including the sources from whom information is gathered), and the uses to be made of the information;
   (3) A summary of the policies and procedures that participating agencies must follow regarding storage, disclosure to third parties, retention, and destruction of personally identifiable information; and
   (4) A description of all of the rights of parents and children regarding this information, including the rights under FERPA and implementing regulations in 34 CFR part 99.
(b) Before any major identification, location, or evaluation activity, the notice must be published or announced in newspapers or other media, or both, with circulation adequate to notify parents throughout the State of the activity. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.613 Access rights.
(a) Each participating agency must permit parents to inspect and review any education records relating to their children that are collected, maintained, or used by the agency under this part. The agency must comply with a request without unnecessary delay and before any meeting regarding an IEP, or any hearing pursuant to §300.507 or §§300.530 through 300.532, or resolution session pursuant to §300.510, and in no case more than 45 days after the request has been made.
(b) The right to inspect and review education records under this section includes--
   (1) The right to a response from the participating agency to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records;
   (2) The right to request that the agency provide copies of the records containing the information if failure to provide those copies would effectively prevent the parent from exercising the right to inspect and review the records; and
   (3) The right to have a representative of the parent inspect and review the records.
(c) An agency may presume that the parent has authority to inspect and review records relating to his or her child unless the agency has been advised that the parent does not have the authority under applicable State law governing such matters as guardianship, separation, and divorce. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.614 Record of access. Each participating agency must keep a record of parties obtaining access to education records collected, maintained, or used under Part B of the Act (except access by parents and authorized employees of the participating agency), including the name of the party, the date access was given, and the purpose for which the party is authorized to use the records. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.615 Records on more than one child. If any education record includes information on more than one child, the parents of those children have the right to inspect and review only the information relating to their child or to be informed of that specific information. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.616 List of types and locations of information. Each participating agency must provide parents on request a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained, or used by the agency. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.617 Fees.
(a) Each participating agency may charge a fee for copies of records that are made for parents under this part if the fee does not effectively prevent the parents from exercising their right to inspect and review those records.
(b) A participating agency may not charge a fee to search for or to retrieve information under this part. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.618 Amendment of records at parent’s request.
(a) A parent who believes that information in the education records collected, maintained, or used under this part is inaccurate or misleading or violates the privacy or other rights of the child may request the participating agency that maintains the information to amend the information.
(b) The agency must decide whether to amend the information in accordance with the request within a reasonable period of time of receipt of the request.
(c) If the agency decides to refuse to amend the information in accordance with the request, it must inform the parent of the refusal and advise the parent of the right to a hearing under §300.619. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.619 Opportunity for a hearing. The agency must, on request, provide an opportunity for a hearing to challenge information in education records to ensure that it is not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the child. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.620 Result of hearing.
(a) If, as a result of the hearing, the agency decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the child, it must amend the information accordingly and so inform the parent in writing.
(b) If, as a result of the hearing, the agency decides that the information is not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the child, it must inform the parent of the parent’s right to place in the records the agency maintains on the child a statement commenting on the information or setting forth any reasons for disagreeing with the decision of the agency.
(c) Any explanation placed in the records of the child under this section must--
   (1) Be maintained by the agency as part of the records of the child as long as the record or contested portion is maintained by the agency; and
   (2) If the records of the child or the contested portion is disclosed by the agency to any party, the explanation must also be disclosed to the party. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.621 Hearing procedures.
A hearing held under §300.619 must be conducted according to the procedures in 34 CFR 99.22. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.622 Consent.
(a) Parental consent must be obtained before personally identifiable information is disclosed to parties, other than officials of participating agencies in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section, unless the information is contained in education records, and the disclosure is authorized without parental consent under 34 CFR part 99.

(b)

(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, parental consent is not required before personally identifiable information is released to officials of participating agencies for purposes of meeting a requirement of this part.

(2) Parental consent, or the consent of an eligible child who has reached the age of majority under State law, must be obtained before personally identifiable information is released to officials of participating agencies providing or paying for transition services in accordance with §300.321(b)(3).

(3) If a child is enrolled, or is going to enroll in a private school that is not located in the LEA of the parent’s residence, parental consent must be obtained before any personally identifiable information about the child is released between officials in the LEA where the private school is located and officials in the LEA of the parent’s residence. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.623 Safeguards.
(a) Each participating agency must protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information at collection, storage, disclosure, and destruction stages.
(b) One official at each participating agency must assume responsibility for ensuring the confidentiality of any personally identifiable information.
(c) All persons collecting or using personally identifiable information must receive training or instruction regarding the State’s policies and procedures under §300.123 and 34 CFR part 99.
(d) Each participating agency must maintain, for public inspection, a current listing of the names and positions of those employees within the agency who may have access to personally identifiable information. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.624 Destruction of information.
(a) The public agency must inform parents when personally identifiable information collected, maintained, or used under this part is no longer needed to provide educational services to the child.
(b) The information must be destroyed at the request of the parents. However, a permanent record of a student's name, address, and phone number, his or her grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level completed, and year completed may be maintained without time limitation. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.625 Children's rights.
(a) The SEA must have in effect policies and procedures regarding the extent to which children are afforded rights of privacy similar to those afforded to parents, taking into consideration the age of the child and type or severity of disability.
(b) Under the regulations for FERPA in 34 CFR 99.5(a), the rights of parents regarding education records are transferred to the student at age 18.
(c) If the rights accorded to parents under Part B of the Act are transferred to a student who reaches the age of majority, consistent with §300.520, the rights regarding educational records in §§300.613 through 300.624 must also be transferred to the student. However, the public agency must provide any notice required under section 615 of the Act to the student and the parents. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.626 Enforcement.
The SEA must have in effect the policies and procedures, including sanctions that the State uses, to ensure that its policies and procedures consistent with §§300.611 through 300.625 are followed and that the requirements of the Act and the regulations in this part are met. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

§300.627 Department use of personally identifiable information. If the Department or its authorized representatives collect any personally identifiable information regarding children with disabilities that is not subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a, the Secretary applies the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(1) and (b)(2), 552a(b)(4) through (b)(11); 552a(c) through 552a(e)(3)(B); 552a(e)(3)(D); 552a(e)(5) through (e)(10); 552a(h); 552a(m); and 552a(n); and the regulations implementing those provisions in 34 CFR part 5b. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(8); 1417(c))

Reports--Program Information
§300.640 Annual report of children served—report requirement.
(a) The SEA must annually report to the Secretary on the information required by section 618 of the Act at the times specified by the Secretary.
(b) The SEA must submit the report on forms provided by the Secretary. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(a))

§300.641 Annual report of children served—information required in the report.
(a) For purposes of the annual report required by section 618 of the Act and §300.640, the State and the Secretary of the Interior must count and report the number of children with disabilities receiving special education and related services on any date between October 1 and December 1 of each year.
(b) For the purpose of this reporting provision, a child’s age is the child’s actual age on the date of the child count.
(c) The SEA may not report a child under more than one disability category.
(d) If a child with a disability has more than one disability, the SEA must report that child in accordance with the following procedure:
   (1) If a child has only two disabilities and those disabilities are deafness and blindness, and the child is not reported as having a developmental delay, that child must be reported under the category “deaf-blindness.”
   (2) A child who has more than one disability and is not reported as having deaf-blindness or as having a developmental delay must be reported under the category “multiple disabilities.” (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(a), (b))

§300.642 Data reporting.
(a) Protection of personally identifiable data. The data described in section 618(a) of the Act and in §300.641 must be publicly reported by each State in a manner that does not result in disclosure of data identifiable to individual children.
(b) Sampling. The Secretary may permit States and the Secretary of the Interior to obtain data in section 618(a) of the Act through sampling. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(b))

§300.643 Annual report of children served—certification.
The SEA must include in its report a certification signed by an authorized official of the agency that the information provided under §300.640 is an accurate and unduplicated count of children with disabilities receiving special education and related services on the dates in question. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(a)(3))

§300.644 Annual report of children served—criteria for counting children. The SEA may include in its report children with disabilities who are enrolled in a school or program that is operated or supported by a public agency, and that--
(a) Provides them with both special education and related services that meet State standards;
(b) Provides them only with special education, if a related service is not required, that meets State standards; or
(c) In the case of children with disabilities enrolled by their parents in private schools, counts those children who are eligible under the Act and receive special education or related services or both that meet State standards under §§300.132 through 300.144. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(a))

§300.645 Annual report of children served—other responsibilities of the SEA. In addition to meeting the other requirements of §§300.640 through 300.644, the SEA must--
(a) Establish procedures to be used by LEAs and other educational institutions in counting the number of children with disabilities receiving special education and related services;
(b) Set dates by which those agencies and institutions must report to the SEA to ensure that the State complies with §300.640(a);
(c) Obtain certification from each agency and institution that an unduplicated and accurate count has been made;
(d)Aggregate the data from the count obtained from each agency and institution, and prepare the reports required under §§300.640 through 300.644; and
(e) Ensure that documentation is maintained that enables the State and the Secretary to audit the accuracy of the count. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(a))

§300.646 Disproportionality.
(a) General. Each State that receives assistance under Part B of the Act, and the Secretary of the Interior, must provide for the collection and examination of data to determine if significant disproportionality based on race and ethnicity is occurring in the State and the LEAs of the State with respect to--
   (1) The identification of children as children with disabilities, including the identification of children as children with disabilities in accordance with a particular impairment described in section 602(3) of the Act;
   (2) The placement in particular educational settings of these children; and
   (3) The incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including suspensions and expulsions.
(b) **Review and revision of policies, practices, and procedures.** In the case of a determination of significant disproportionality with respect to the identification of children as children with disabilities, or the placement in particular educational settings of these children, in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, the State or the Secretary of the Interior must--

(1) Provide for the review and, if appropriate revision of the policies, procedures, and practices used in the identification or placement to ensure that the policies, procedures, and practices comply with the requirements of the Act.

(2) Require any LEA identified under paragraph (a) of this section to reserve the maximum amount of funds under section 613(f) of the Act to provide comprehensive coordinated early intervening services to serve children in the LEA, particularly, but not exclusively, children in those groups that were significantly overidentified under paragraph (a) of this section; and

(3) Require the LEA to publicly report on the revision of policies, practices, and procedures described under paragraph (b)(1) of this section. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1418(d))

**END OF SUBPART F**